8 June 1955

BACKGROUND - ALGERIA

I. POPULATION -- 1948 Census - Total: 8,588,757.

	Algiers	Constantine	Oran	Southern Territories*
Moslem	2,374,047	2,905,679	1,593,387	789,641
Non-Moslem	354,742	185,469	373,757	12,025
TOTAL:	2,728,789	3,091,158	1,967,144	801,666

* Touggourt) two Ghardaia) major

> Ain Sefra) two Saharan Cases) minor

NOTE: 1 Jan 54 population estimated total--9,480,000 Annual population increase--120,000

Statistics based on published returns of Algerian Assembly elections 31 January - 7 February 1954

II. ELECTORATE

I College		II College

Representing 1 million of population (Non-Moslems plus favored categories of Moslems) -- Elects 15 to Mational Assembly: 60 to A.A.

Representing Remaining 8.5 million of population (Moslems) -- Elects 15 to National Assembly: 60 to A.A.

united and a second sec	Registered Voters	Yotes cast	Registered Voters	Votes cast
Algers	108,851	55,204	207,326	127,191
Constantine	43,887	36,001	256,911	149,324
Oran	98,163	59,682	132,417	86,775
Southern Territories	12,067	6,673	113,202	82,294

NO CHANGE IN CLASS.

DECLASSIFIED CLASS. CHANGED TO: TS S C

25X1

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- III. The Organic Statute of Algeria (Law No. 47-1853 20 September 1947) All inhabitants of Algeria are henceforth to be French citizens enjoying absolute equality without distinction as to race, language or religion in the rights of French citizenship.
 - A. Electorate consists of two bodies or colleges: voting age is 23.

I College: those citizens possessing French civil status and several special categories of native citizens (based on education, military service, etc.)

II College: all other natives, except women (female suffrage was granted by the Algerian Statute but since it needed a special act of the Algerian Assembly to effect the provision and no such act has even been passed, Algerian women do not vote.)

- B. An Algerian, to vote, must have an identity card, must be one of the registered voters and must meet mental and moral qualifications
- C. Illiterates are permitted to vote. However, accumulation of necessarypapers is a burden for even the literate native, especially because of the necessity for making personal visits to various scattered offices. Frequently impossible to obtain a birth certificate to support application for registration. While testimony of two witnesses can be accepted in lieu of documentation, this is discretionary and subject to abuse by those in charge of the polls.